



Subsidiary Body for Implementation

Fifty-seventh session

Sharm el-Sheikh, 6–12 November 2022

Agenda item 24

Reporting and review pursuant to Article 13 of the Paris Agreement: provision of financial and technical support to developing country Parties for reporting and capacity-building

Provision of financial and technical support to developing country Parties for reporting and capacity-building

Draft conclusions proposed by the Chair

1. The Subsidiary Body for Implementation (SBI) welcomed the information provided by the Global Environment Facility (GEF) in its report to the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Paris Agreement at its fourth session,¹ on:

(a) Operationalization of the Capacity-building Initiative for Transparency (CBIT), including its programming and implementation modalities, and the voluntary contributions pledged by several countries;

(b) Financial support requested, approved and provided for the preparation of biennial transparency reports (BTRs) by developing country Parties, including support provided through the CBIT Global Coordination Platform.²

2. The SBI underscored the importance of the adequacy, predictability and timeliness of the support provided to developing country Parties, in particular the least developed countries (LDCs) and small island developing States (SIDS), for building their institutional and technical capacity for implementing the enhanced transparency framework in accordance with Article 13 of the Paris Agreement, in particular for the timely submission of the first BTRs by 31 December 2024 at the latest.

3. The SBI noted the increase in the allocation to the climate change focal area set aside for enabling activities, including the CBIT, from USD 165 million in the seventh GEF replenishment cycle to USD 220 million in the eighth,³ and the scaling up of financial support for the preparation of BTRs.⁴

4. The SBI noted the efforts of the GEF to improve and streamline its application process for preparation of BTRs and highlighted the importance of continuing such efforts.

5. The SBI also noted the challenges that developing country Parties face in implementing the enhanced transparency framework in a sustainable manner, including

¹ FCCC/CP/2022/5.

² See also document FCCC/SBI/2022/INF.15.

³ See document FCCC/CP/2022/5, para. 16.

⁴ See document FCCC/CP/2022/5, annex, para. 187.



establishment and enhancement of national reporting systems within their respective national governments.

6. The SBI acknowledged the importance of drawing the challenges referred to in paragraph 5 above to the attention of the GEF in providing financial support, and of the Consultative Group of Experts in providing technical support to developing country Parties.

7. The SBI noted the existing support provided by various multilateral and bilateral channels to developing countries to help them meet their obligations under Article 13 of the Paris Agreement.

8. The SBI invited Parties and interested stakeholders to submit views, by 30 April 2023 via the submission portal,⁵ on how to address the challenges referred to in paragraph 5 above.

9. The SBI agreed to continue, consideration of this matter at SBI 58 (June 2023), taking into account the submissions referred to in paragraph 8 above, with a view to facilitating the development of sustainable institutional capacity of developing countries, in particular the LDCs and SIDS, pursuant to Article 13 of the Paris Agreement, and recommending a draft decision for consideration and adoption by the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Paris Agreement at its fifth session (November 2023).

⁵ <https://www4.unfccc.int/sites/submissionsstaging/Pages/Home.aspx>.